

ecoinvent 3.8 Dataset Documentation

'power sawing, without catalytic converter - RER - power sawing, without catalytic converter'

Note: This document contains only an extract of the information in the dataset. Additional data about properties of exchanges, mathematical relations, parameters, and contact information for authors and reviewers are available within the dataset, i.e. in ecoSpold format.

Table of Contents

Dataset Identification
Dataset Authorship
Exchange Summary
Dataset Description
Detailed Information For Exchanges
Reference product
Inputs from technosphere
Emissions to air
Emissions to soil
Selected Impact Assessment Results
Direct impact contributions
IPCC 2013, climate change, GWP 100a
ecological scarcity 2013, total, total
EF v3.0, material resources: metals/minerals, abiotic depletion potential (ADP): elements (ultimate reserves)
Source
Restriction of Use

Dataset Identification

Activity name	power sawing, without catalytic converter
Geography	RER (Europe)
Time period	2011-01-01 to 2021-12-31 - Valid for the entire period
Synonyms	chainsaw, chain saw
ISIC rev.4 ecoinvent	1610: Sawmilling and planing of wood
Reference product	power sawing, without catalytic converter
CPC classification	88311: Wood manufacturing services
Dataset type	Ordinary transforming activity
Technology level	Current
Version - system model	3.8 - Allocation, cut-off



Dataset Authorship

Data generator	Frank Werner, Werner Umwelt & Entwicklung
Data entry	Frank Werner, Werner Umwelt & Entwicklung
Review	Emilia Moreno Ruiz, ecoinvent Centre

Exchange Summary

Reference product	Byproduct classification	Amount
power sawing, without catalytic converter	allocatable product	1 hour
Inputs from technosphere		Amount
petrol, two-stroke blend		1.6 kg
power saw, without catalytic converter		0.0004 unit
vegetable oil, refined		0.54 kg
Emissions to air		Amount
Acetaldehyde		0.000687 kg
Acetone		0.000157 kg
Acrolein		4.41e-05 kg
Benzaldehyde		0.000461 kg
Benzo(a)pyrene		2.38e-07 kg
Carbon dioxide, fossil		2.15 kg
Carbon monoxide, fossil		0.981 kg
Dinitrogen monoxide		8.64e-05 kg
Formaldehyde		0.0351 kg
Methane, fossil		0.0413 kg
NMVOC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified original	n	0.298 kg
Nitrogen oxides		0.0086 kg
PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons		5.95e-05 kg
Pentane		0.0342 kg
Propanal		0.000124 kg
Sulfur dioxide		3.2e-05 kg
Toluene		0.0332 kg
Emissions to soil		Amount
Oils, non-fossil		0.054 kg

Dataset Description

General comment



The inventory represents the operation of a professional power saw with a fuel consumption of 1.6 kg of standard two-stroke petrol blend (0.75 kg/l) for power saws per working hour and with a power output of about 3.1 - 3.2 kW.

Included activities start

Service beginning with the input of fuel into the power saw.

Included activities end

Includes the input of machinery infrastructure, the input of fuel, lubricants/greases as well as their disposal, and the emissions into air from fuel consumption. Wood is not included in the dataset.

Sampling procedure

Producer data and data from several scientific papers (emission measurements from different types of power saws, different fuels and additives).

Extrapolations

This dataset has been extrapolated from year 2012 to the year of the calculation (2021). The uncertainty has been adjusted accordingly.

Technology comment

The module represents average technology used in Europe around 2010.

Geography comment

Data sourced from several European studies.

Detailed Information For Exchanges

Reference product	Annual prod.vol.	Amount
power sawing, without catalytic converter	3.48e+9 hour	1 hour

Production volume: 3.48e+9 hour

Production volume comment: 1,00,000 chainsaws with 2500 PMH, weighted by RER GDP/Global GDP

Inputs from technosphere	Amount
petrol, two-stroke blend	1.6 kg
Activity Link: market for petrol, two-stroke blend - GLO Comment: Average consumption per working hour; reference for normalizing values from different sources. Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.25; Pedigree matrix: [4, 5, 4, 1, 1] Source: Willared, J. (2011)	
power saw, without catalytic converter	0.0004 unit
Activity Link: market for power saw, without catalytic converter - GLO Comment: Calculated based on producer information. Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.25; Pedigree matrix: [4, 5, 4, 1, 1] Source: Kellenberger D. (2007)	

Activity Link: market for vegetable oil, refined - GLO

Comment: Lubricating oil for chain.

Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.23; Pedigree matrix: [3, 5, 4, 1, 1]

Source: Kellenberger D. (2007)

vegetable oil, refined

Emissions to air	Subcompartment	Amount		
Acetaldehyde	non-urban air or from high stacks	0.000687 kg		
Comment: Various sources: Magnussen et al (2002), Magnussen et al. (2000), Spielmann et al. 2007) as adequate. Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.79; Pedigree matrix: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] Source: Magnusson R. (2000)				
Acetone	non-urban air or from high stacks	0.000157 kg		
Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 2.01; Pedigree matrix: [1, Source: Magnusson R. (2002)	5, 4, 1, 5]			
Acrolein	non-urban air or from high stacks	4.41e-05 kg		
Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 2.05; Pedigree matrix: [1, Source: Magnusson R. (2002)	5, 5, 1, 5]			
Benzaldehyde	non-urban air or from high stacks	0.000461 kg		
Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 2.05; Pedigree matrix: [1, 5, 5, 1, 5] Source: Magnusson R. (2002)				
Benzo(a)pyrene	non-urban air or from high stacks	2.38e-07 kg		

Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 2.33; Pedigree matrix: [1, 5, 5, 1, 5]

Source: Magnusson R. (2000)

0.54 kg

non-urban air or from high stacks	2.15 kg
c/kg and 43% of carbon content emitted x: [1, 5, 5, 3, 1]	as CO2 (personal
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.981 kg
C/kg and 31% of carbon content emitte x: [2, 5, 4, 1, 1]	d as CO (personal
non-urban air or from high stacks	8.64e-05 kg
x: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0351 kg
et al. (2000), Spielmann et al. 2007) as x: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	adequate.
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0413 kg
x: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.298 kg
as individual substances based on total producer) and based on a C content of p x: [3, 5, 4, 3, 5]	
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0086 kg
x: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	
non-urban air or from high stacks	5.95e-05 kg
bstances as quantified based on Magn x: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	ussen et al (2002)
non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0342 kg
x : [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]	
	non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [3, 5, 4, 3, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5] non-urban air or from high stacks c: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]

Sulfur dioxide non-urban air or from high stacks 3.2e-05 kg

Comment: Calculated based on an assumed S content of 0.001% (by mass) as the threshold value for the Swiss tax on sulfur

n Petrol.

Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.2; Pedigree matrix: [1, 1, 4, 1, 1]

Source: Schweizer Bundesrat (2003)

Toluene non-urban air or from 0.0332 kg high stacks

Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 2.01; Pedigree matrix: [1, 5, 4, 1, 5]

Source: Magnusson R. (2002)

Emissions to soil	Subcompartment	Amount
Oils, non-fossil	forestry	0.054 kg

Comment: 10% of the oil from lubricating the chain.

Uncertainty distribution: lognormal; GSD2: 1.65; Pedigree matrix: [1, 5, 5, 3, 1]

Source: Kellenberger D. (2007)

Selected Impact Assessment Results

Method	Category	Indicator	Score
IPCC 2013	climate change	GWP 100a	11.3 kg CO2-Eq
ecological scarcity 2013	total	total	2.97e+4 UBP
EF v3.0	material resources: metals/minerals	abiotic depletion potential (ADP): elements (ultimate reserves)	2.35e-05 kg Sb-Eq

Direct impact contributions

IPCC 2013, climate change, GWP 100a: 11.3 kg CO2-Eq

Exchange	Amount	Impact (kg CO2-Eq)	Impact %
Carbon monoxide, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.981 kg	3.98	35.21%
vegetable oil, refined market for vegetable oil, refined - GLO	0.54 kg	2.81	24.87%
Carbon dioxide, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	2.15 kg	2.15	18.98%
Methane, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0413 kg	1.23	10.84%
petrol, two-stroke blend market for petrol, two-stroke blend - GLO	1.6 kg	1.05	9.25%
power saw, without catalytic converter market for power saw, without catalytic converter - GLO	0.0004 unit	0.0745	0.66%
	0.0004 unit	0.0745	0.00%
Dinitrogen monoxide air - non-urban air or from high stacks	8.64e-05 kg	0.0229	0.2%

ecological scarcity 2013, total, total: 2.97e+4 UBP

Exchange	Amount	Impact (UBP)	Impact %
vegetable oil, refined market for vegetable oil, refined - GLO	0.54 kg	1.92e+4	64.66%
NMVOC, non-methane volatile organic compounds, unspecified origin air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.298 kg	4.17e+3	14.06%
petrol, two-stroke blend market for petrol, two-stroke blend - GLO	1.6 kg	2.02e+3	6.8%
Carbon dioxide, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	2.15 kg	9.88e+2	3.33%
Carbon monoxide, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.981 kg	7.06e+2	2.38%
Methane, fossil air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0413 kg	4.96e+2	1.67%
Formaldehyde air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0351 kg	4.91e+2	1.66%
Pentane air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0342 kg	4.79e+2	1.61%
Toluene air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0332 kg	4.65e+2	1.57%
Nitrogen oxides air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.0086 kg	3.35e+2	1.13%
power saw, without catalytic converter market for power saw, without catalytic converter - GLO	0.0004 unit	2.02e+2	0.68%
PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons air - non-urban air or from high stacks	5.95e-05 kg	77.4	0.26%
Benzo(a)pyrene air - non-urban air or from high stacks	2.38e-07 kg	22.6	0.08%
Dinitrogen monoxide air - non-urban air or from high stacks	8.64e-05 kg	12.1	0.04%
Acetaldehyde air - non-urban air or from high stacks	0.000687 kg	9.62	0.03%

⁵ minor direct contributors have been omitted for clarity

EF v3.0, material resources: metals/minerals, abiotic depletion potential (ADP): elements (ultimate reserves): 2.35e-05 kg Sb-Eq

Exchange	Amount	Impact (kg Sb-Eq)	Impact %
vegetable oil, refined market for vegetable oil, refined - GLO	0.54 kg	1.95e-05	83.03%
petrol, two-stroke blend market for petrol, two-stroke blend - GLO	1.6 kg	2.11e-06	8.97%
power saw, without catalytic converter market for power saw, without catalytic converter - GLO	0.0004 unit	1.88e-06	8.0%

Source

First author Magnusson R.

Additional author(s) Nilsson C., Andersson K., Andersson B., Rannug U., Östman C.

Effect of gasoline and libricants on emissions and mutagenicity of particles and

Title semivolatiles in chain saw exhaust

Year 2000

Journal Environmental Science and Technology

Volume number 34

First author Kellenberger D.

Additional author(s) Althaus H.-J., Jungbluth N., Künniger T.

Title Life Cycle Inventories of Building Products

Year 2007 Volume number 7

First author Willared, J.

Title Personal written communication, Mr. Willaredt, Husqvarna AB

Year 2011

First author Magnusson R.

Additional author(s) Nillson C., Andersson B.

Emissions of aldehydes and ketones from a two-stroke engine using ethanol

and ethanol-blended gasoline as fuel

Year 2002

Title

Journal Environmental Science and Technology

Volume number 36
Issue number 8

First author Magnusson R.

Nilsson C, Andersson K., Andersson B., Gieling R., Wiberg K., Östman C.,

Additional author(s) Rannug U.

Determination of chemical composition and mutagenicity in particles from

chainsaw exhaust; experimental set-up, stability and results from two different

Title fuels

Year 2010

Journal Environmental Technology

Volume number 21 Issue number 7

First author Schweizer Bundesrat

Verordnung über die Lenkungsabgabe auf Benzin und Dieselöl mit einem

Title Schwefelgehalt von mehr als 0.001 Prozent

Year 2003

First author Spielmann, M.

Additional author(s) Barreto L., Erni V., Frutig F., Thees O.

Title Life cycle assessment of energy wood chip supply chains

Year 2007

Restriction of Use

The restrictions of use stipulated in the EULA remain applicable for this pdf documentation. Copyright ecoinvent Association, 2021